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REFLECTION

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Modern POESY.

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ESSAY.

Publica privatis secernere, sacra profanis:
Concubitu probibere vago; dare jura maritis;
Oppida moliri; leges incidere ligno;
Sic bonor & nomen divinis Vatibus atque
Carminibus venit.—— Hor. de Arte Poet.

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ALM RON:

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To my Honoured Friend and School-fellow

I Mul A ordered in day for of Poets, excepting the Foice. I Mul A order Con and a hard the form. I Mul A order or not not forger the Fountain of Will be there, I but Poets us now no longer the Fountain of Will

the School of Virtue; it is no longer a fit Trainer up of Touth, of the Palfions and exorbit and Definer: But on the Rolt Bry.

HE way of Dedicating now most in fashion, seems to me to stand in as great need of a Reformation, as does our Poetry. For, as we take nothing to be True and Genuine Poetry, but what is Light, Frothy, and has a wanton Air throughout it; so the generality seem to stand persuaded, That an Epistle Dedicatory loses its End quite, if not stuff a up with gross and open Flattery, sufficient to call a Blush into any modest Reader's Cheek. But here it is a hard matter to judge, Whether the Impudence of the Author, or the Vanity of the Patron (who believes all true that's suid of him) does contribute most to carry on this notorious piece of Folly.

Now (Six) the our Early Friendship, and Intimate Acquaintance was the Reason that prevail a most upon me in presenting this small Essay to long yet, to speak truth, there was another Motive too, which made me the move desirous of it, and that was merely upon the account of running counter to the generality of Dedicating Poets, to try if a particular Example might have any small Influence in correcting the Poetical License they take upon such like occasions: For here I was satisfied that I might come off without the least flattering Glance, with one who (the young) has Experience enough to understand, that Personal Respect is not to be estimated by the sine Complements and Flourishes of a Fanciful Pen. And for my part, I think if our Poets go on at their old Rate but a little longer, we shall be apt to interpret Epistles of this sort as we do Dreams, by the Contrary.

The great Scandal that Poetry has of late been subject to, together with the respect I always had for it, gave occasion for the following Reflection. For as I was considering how much this Art was esteemed amongst our Foresathers, and how Venerable, nay, almost Sacred, the Name of a Poet was then; Surely (thought I) the Former Honour, and the Present Disgrace the Muses by under, tould never depend on the different Capricio's of two divers Ages, but there must be some more reasonable Ground for this matter, which if once discovered, will give a very sair opportunity of restoring Verse to its Primitive Dignity. Some there are who suspect, That the want of Genius in our Age has

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The Epistle Dedicatory.

given Poetry this deadly Wound: But they will foon find their Mistake, if (laying aside the blind Veneration we have for Antiquity) they compare the Ancients and Moderns in any sort of Poetry, excepting the Epic. So that we must seek out for some other Cause more probable than the former. And what others may spy, I know not; but I think the great Disference lies here, That Poetry is now no longer the Fountain of Wisdom, the School of Virtue; it is no longer a fit Trainer up of Youth, a Bridler of the Passions and exorbitant Desires: But on the contrary, he is reckoned the Ablest Poet, that is most dextrous at cariaring up these Evil Spirits, to disturb the Calm and Quiet of the Soul. And this (if I mistake not) is that which bath deform d so great a Beauty, and cast an Odjum on that most Excellent Art, which was once the Pride of Conquerors, and Envy of Philosophers.

What I have transfently remark d in the following Verses, will (I doubt not) be distilled by many of our Rhiming Sparks in for take but the Liberty of Writing Immodelly from em, and you have quite distinguished them off their Pegasus; they are quite Tonguesty'd in he with them, as Horace says it was in the Reign of the old Comedy, Charrusque, Turpiter, obticuit, sublato jure nocendi.

What I have said against Love upon the Stage, I would not have at prehended so, as if I would have that Passion quite exploded; sor I think it one of the fittest Passions for Poetry, and capable of very great Ornaments; but then I would have it very nicely and delicately handled; and what might give the least Offence to the severest Modesty always cast in Shades; for it is then only that this Passion is not to be allowed, when it goes beyond its bounds; and that is, when the Poet's Strokes are too bold, and his Colours enoglaring.

I was told (which I my self afterwards found to be true) that a great Part of my Design was already perform d in the Preface to Prince Arthur. However, that did not trouble me in the least, for I was very glad to see so Eminent an Author of the same Opinion with me; since I had laid a Rude Draught of my Restection the last Summer, which I then shew'd several of my Acquaintance. However, the World may think this a Sham, and I am very willing to be thought indebted to so creed ditable a Person for what I have said.

I shall make no apology for the Tediousness of my Epistle; since you are too often guilty of the Contrary Vice in writing to your

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Modern Poely.

I ho e're he did precend to Terry, F Poets be (as they pretend) inspired over goin beine? With Heat Divine, and Sacred Fury fir'd; of saws office! How comes is then, that each Poetick Piece ithang both Gives now-a-days Encouragement to Vice ? Videob ... Each Line (or elfe we think it will not do)olgan x 1 2009 1 With wanton Love, and Flames unchaste must glow. That scribling Fop that would a Poet be commented First bids adieu to all his Modesty : or hambland a vallation of Invokes not Phabus, but the God of Wine san size billing II Crowns his hot Temples with th' inspiring Vine: The Glass (Dull Sot!) must make his Thoughts sublime, For in a Sober Mood what Bard can Rhime? day Toly bank But fure Great Homer got not thus a Name; were visit it Nor Lofty Maro his Eternal Fame . I day and wood both Their Mules chafte as Veftal Virgins were; it the wall and Stately, not Proud; Referv'd, but not Severe.

The Flame that thro' their Works so bright does shine,
Was surely kindled by a Breath Divine,
No Cupid's Puff, nor Frenzy caus'd by Wine.
But that our Follies we at large may see,
Let's closer view our Modern Poesy.

What place so much debauch'd as is our Stage,
Which next the Pulpit, should correct the Age?
What anciently Devotion did begin,
We have converted to the use of Sin;
And on our Theatres we daily see
Vice triumph o'er dejected Honesty.

But happy Atheu! whose more spleadid Sta Was moraliz'd by Sophocles wife Rage : Who e're he did pretend to Poetry. Search'd the grave Precepts of Philosophy : ad at an I Hence twas he taught but what he learnt before did And practis'd these found Rules his Writings bore: He doubly charm'd his Modes Audionee, as well 2011 By good Example, and wife Eloquence? Philosophers far thore in teaching came; hus and notal and it Their Naked Virtues maimed were and lame. I midrol san's The Pearl they represented to the View il is of walls shid for Unpolish'd, as It naturally grew. But Poets put a Glosson't, made it fhine, Then 'twas embrac'd as somewhat more Divine. And what the People thought too Hard before, Sits Easy now, and is with Pleasure bore.

And now what weak Excuse, what vain Pretence, Can Christian Poets bring in their Defence?

Shall Heathens teach by Nature's Glowworm Light; What they neglect when Faith directs their Sight? Or are our Palates vitiated, and we Can relish nought but Vice in Poetry? Must They indulge the Ill, and footh our Face, Or else prevent it e're it be too late? If We are led away by strong Defire, Must They add Fuel to the raging Fire? Not so did Orpheus; but with tuneful Voice, Taught Salvage Men that follow'd Nature's Choice That wildly ftray'd in thrubby Brakes all day, And herded with the common Beafts of Prev: E'en These he taught their Passions cosubdue, Through Error's Maze to follow Reason's Clue, Their Mossy Caves and Grocto's to forlake, I vist posmit but And fitter Dwellings for themselves to make; And that in Learning Grace did for afpire, I edition benefit all Was wholly owing to his Bacred Lyre? more many was the

Then let some Champon for the Muses tile,

Who dares be obstinately Good, and Wife;

Let him but turn the Scream of Helleon,

And make It in its proper Channel run.

He needs not fear his Bayes shall wither d sye;

Or that We shall despite him Poetry;

For Virtue, when well dress d in Comely Grace,

Has surely Charms so lovely in her Face,

We all should Vice forsake, and only Herembrace.

No Wanton Scenes have in his Poem there can be be a decided

A Plo: and Moral let him chuse, that's free
From all Allays of sulfome Ribaldry,
Which in our Modern Plays too oft we see.

Let not Immodest Love come in his Rhimes;
Which to excuse, our Poets oftentimes
Reply, They bring such Objects into view,
To make us loathe those Passions we pursue.
But this is False; They always move Desire,
Fan by degrees in us Unlawful Fire:
For here the Poet's Warm Expressions move
Th' Unthinking Herd such Passions to approve.
Then let 'em be with Care remov'd from sight;
If we'll be free, we must forget 'em quite.

The Wifer Ancients did this Fault decline, And made their Tracidies more Mafculine was and the Aried I Each nervous Scene Some Manlike Vitue taught, Untainted with the least Tomodest Thought. Their Heroes were more Seem | land fit for Wars 0 ... 77 25. Scorn'd whining Love, and Healoufy's fond Jars: But Ours, more fir for freid's Childifh Arms, dood on the of W Are Womens Fools, and Captives to their Charms. 310 1111 32 The Stage, which Terror thould with Pity move, it is share ber With us is wholly taken us in Aire and the son about it Too much affect the Gallick Devicy : alorb alor wally Thence our Romantick Herstshift we drew, and the Unlike our Arthur and our William too. The William too In vain it is, that Heavin's Wile Providence Has by a Sea divided us from France? aid ni o ten aspit to a little

If still their Fopperies we Imitate, And their vain Customs to our Ide Translate. We want not Genius for the Buskin Muse. Would Britain but all Foreign Aids refuse : Nor of our Language need we to complain 'Tis Pompous, Bold, and fits the Trapick Strain. Our Poets too that have wrote Comedy. Have Wit enough, but fail in Medesty: They still forget the End for which they write. And mind not Profit, so they can Delight. But he that wears the Sark, should carefully Purge all his Writings from Obscenity: And though the Age's Humos he expole, Yet no Unfeemly things thould be disclose. His Plays should be a Glas, where All might fee How to correct their own Deformity. Terence in this might justly claim the Baves. Whose Lively Draughts succeeding Ages praise: By Him was taught upon the Reman Stage, The Duties proper to each State and Age. But here with us, in a whole Comedy One Virtuous Character you cannot fee: Rather than want for Vice, we chuse to draw Strange Monfters, contrary to Nature's Law! True Innocence the Poet ridicules. And Honefly referves for none but Foots. His Gentleman he makes a Wondrous Sage. That's deeply read in Vices of the Age: His Mistress and his Cloaths employ his Care: Of all his Thoughts his Countrey claims no share?

The Damsel too, e'er Fisteen Years expire,
Is all o'er Love, and Wanton with Desire;
Then strait all Filial Dury's laid aside,
And nought will please her, but the Name of Bride:
Which once obtain'd, does soon uneasse prove,
And still she trafficks in Forbidden Love;
Her Husband's Kisses lose their wonted Taste,
And stollen Pleasures always Relish best.
These Characters with Wit and Language joyn'd,
Must needs Instruct a Youthful Reader's Mind!

These Ills, tho' great, yet are but light to Crimes, Whose Horror shall amaze succeeding Times! See now the Poet's Bold in Mischief grown, And turns to Ridicule the Sacred Gown! The Grave Divine a Laughing-stock he makes And the firm Basis of Religion shakes: High Heav'n's Embassador within the Scene Lays by his awful and becoming Mien. And takes upon him there (O Monstrous fight!) To play the Pimp, or Canting Hypotrite. Happy the Heathens! whose Impiety A and all distributed the Ne'er mounted yet to fuch a high degree. Due Reverence to their Priests was always shown, And Distance kept from the Mysterious Gown. Calchas was Fear'd and Honour'd as a God, The Grecian Army still Obey'd his Nod. But hear, O hear! how mighty was the Hand Of Moses, and how powerful the Wand, That wrought fuch Wonders in Proud Pharaoh's Land!

all he Thoughts his Country claims to flare,

Revolve th' amazing History, and learn to be the land to different the Dignity of Priestbood to different the land to different the

Satyr, which was a wholfome Remedy,

Prescrib'd to cure a People's Malady,

When prudently apply'd doth Good produce;

But as all Goods are subject to abuse, we delicate the same

So this of Late no Publick Cure intends, Aladia way 2

But only serves to black Malicious ends. In the flat II

We dip our Pens in Gall when e'er we Write, it mining to I

And all our Inspiration is but Spite. you ye & plagared aread one

But Horace, free from Prejudice and Rage, vid a late at 1

With Honey did the smarting Sting assuage : tild , in a oroll 3

His Satyr grinn'd not as it bit, but Smil'd, More vistolo and I

Both Cur'd the Reader, and his Care beguil'd.

Had Dryden never Writ, then Britain Hill W guimoped

Had with Despair admir'd the Roman Skill : 199 1

But now, by his Example taught, we know,

That Finest Satyr in our Soil will grow.

Our Songs and Little Poems, for most part,

On Trifling Subjects all our Wit we drain:

Which little Credit to the Writer gain.

Turn over e'ery Late Miscellany,

You hardly can a Modest Copy see.

Broad Words, and fulsome Thoughts we now admit,

And praise the Nauseous Author for a Wit.

But fure by Men of Sense and Quality,

The Wretch is Pity'd for his Ribaldry;

And here the Petty Scribler's Blafted Bays

Is propt but by the filly Vulgar's Praise.

Were I defign'd by Kinder Deftiny Revolve the priore To Court a Muse, and follows Pastry : Lood to wind and To guard All-Pure my Narius Jenoconte; 11 1 2 12 10 10 10 10 10 My Infant Genius Ihould Brid Vertue leatn, And Modefty Should be its great Concern ; Th' unspotted Brightness of the Pearl Should Gain. Vertre de die Mens in Gall Mil. For Reputation, if it once be loft. Can never be regain'd by any Coft; 'Tis Bright like Chryftel, Fre but 'tis Britis too, Easie to Crack, but bard for to Rouse. Then closely would I watch in untainted Muse. That She no Mereprisions Aus thould use; and Men died No Unbecoming Words, nor Wanton found, The Niceness of her Virgie Ear should wound. So shou'd my Writings with the Hneidstrine, 1911 to word! And my Chafte Verfe to endless Ages live; Whilst all my Readers fay, La! This is He, That from long Bondage fet the Majes Free. the salider Wie we drain

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